

Workplace Safety: Avoid Common Electrical Hazards

Contact with or exposure to **electricity** is one of the leading causes of **workplace fatalities**. Follow these tips to **avoid electrical injuries**.

⚡ Overhead Power Line Contact

49% of all electrical fatalities are caused by **contact with overhead power lines**

83% of overhead power line fatalities were in **non-electrical occupations**



Always assume all lines are **live and dangerous**



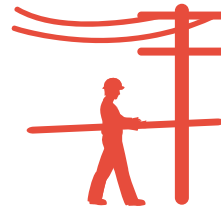
Always look up; **be aware** of overhead power lines



Keep yourself and equipment at least **10 feet away** from overhead power lines



Do not touch anything that is **in contact** with overhead power lines



Carry equipment, including ladders, **horizontally** to avoid contact with power lines



Stay at least **35 feet away** from downed power lines

🔧 Accidental Contact with Energized Conductors or Parts

32% of all electrical fatalities were caused by working on or near energized conductors or parts

41% of these fatalities were in **electrical occupations**



Always **test for voltage** before you perform work. Be sure to also test the area around the equipment you are working on to avoid accidental contact with energized equipment



Always perform a **site and risk assessment** before conducting work. Hazards exist on and near the equipment you are working on



When possible, **turn off power** before conducting work



Follow proper **lockout / tagout procedures**



Avoid **complacency**. Every job is different, make sure you **follow the hierarchy** of controls and other electrical safety work practices on every job

⚡ Electrical Safety in the Workplace

70% of all electrical fatalities involved **non-electrical occupations**



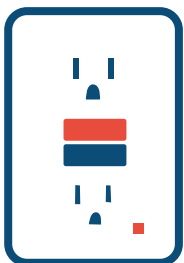
Know when to say when. If you feel unsafe performing a job, **say something**



Be aware of **potential electrical hazards** in the workplace. Avoid electrical rooms and other potentially hazardous areas



All electrical work should be completed by **qualified workers** with proper training



GFCI protection should be installed where **electricity and water** may come in contact

5 sources accounted for **89% of all electrical fatalities**

Overhead power lines



Unexpected contact with electricity



Working on energized parts



Ground fault



Damaged wiring



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